

# MTH 1W: Infinity, Limits and Density

## LESSON OVERVIEW:

Scope and Sequence – Main Lesson Topics	Prior Knowledge	Vocabulary
<b>Infinity, Limits and Density</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>infinite sets and subsets</li> <li>patterns and number relationships to explain density, infinity and limits</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Number systems</li> <li></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Density</li> <li>Infinity</li> <li>Limits</li> </ul>

Learning Objectives	Curriculum Expectations
I can <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Describe how subset so of number systems are defined</li> <li>Describe similarities and differences between subsets of number systems</li> <li>Use patterns and number relationships to explain density</li> <li>Use patterns and number relationships to explain infinity</li> <li>Use patterns and number relationships to explain limits</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>B1.2</b> describe how various subsets of a number system are defined, and describe similarities and differences between these subsets</li> <li><b>B1.3</b> use patterns and number relationships to explain density, infinity, and limit as they relate to number sets</li> </ul>

<b>1 Lesson Introduction &amp; Problem String (see below)</b> 40 minutes <p><b>Introduction:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Begin by introducing the real number system and the sets of numbers within each.</li> <li>Have a quick discussion about the concept of a limit (use a real world example).</li> <li>Talk about how the concept of a limit can be applied to a set of numbers.</li> </ul>	<b>2 Consolidation</b> 10 minutes <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li></li> </ul>
<b>3 Meaningful Notes</b> 10 minutes <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>Density</b> – between any two given numbers, there will always be another real number. There are infinitely many real numbers between two numbers.</li> <li><b>Infinity</b> – the state of having no end or limit. For example the set of even numbers or the set of rational numbers cannot be counted. A pattern or expression is said to approach infinity if the value can always be made larger than any given value.</li> <li><b>Limit</b> – long term behaviour of a pattern or function, or the result as the number of terms increases.</li> </ul>	<b>4 Check Your Understanding</b> 15 minutes <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li></li> </ul>

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## LESSON BACKGROUND:

- Talk about density property – there is always a rational number between any two rational numbers
- Introduce concept of limit (example with closer to infinity? Examples with closer to 0?)

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PROBLEM	HINTS	EXTENSIONS
Write ten numbers between 2 and 3.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Try drawing a number line</li> <li>• What number fits between 2 and 3?</li> <li>• What type of numbers are we looking for?</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• How many rational numbers exist between 2 and 3? What do you notice?</li> <li>• Could you write ALL of the numbers between 2 and 3? Why or why not?</li> </ul>
Given the set {6, 7, 8, 9...} What is the limit?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• What happens to the numbers as we continue to write this sequence?</li> <li>•</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Write a sequence of numbers that has a limit of negative infinity.</li> <li>• Why does this set approach infinity?</li> </ul>
Given the set $\left\{\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{4}\right\}$ What is the limit?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• What happens to the value of the fractions as we continue to write this sequence?</li> </ul>	Why do the fractions get smaller as we continue the sequence? Why is the limit ___?
Write the limit given the set: {8.1, 8.01, 8.001, 8.0001}	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Are the numbers getting larger or smaller? How do you know?</li> <li>• What number are we getting closest to?</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Write the limit given the set:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ 0.3, 0.33, 0.333, 0.3333...</li> <li>○ 1.6, 1.66, 1.666, 1.6666...</li> </ul> </li> <li>• If you were to write a note to your “future forgetful self” about sets, infinity and limits, what information would you include? Discuss in your group what you think the most important ideas are</li> </ul>
Given $3n$ What happens when $n$ gets larger and larger?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• What operation is present in the expression?</li> <li>• How does that help your understanding?</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• What if <math>n</math> got smaller and smaller?</li> <li>• What if the values of <math>n</math> were smaller and smaller fractions? How would that change the limit?</li> <li>• If you were to write a note to your “future forgetful self” about sets, infinity and limits, what information would you include? Discuss in your group what you think the most important ideas are</li> <li>• What is some new learning that you have? What are some questions that you still have?</li> </ul>
$\frac{1}{2}n$ What happens when $n$ approaches infinity?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• What operation is present in the expression?</li> <li>• How does that help your understanding?</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• What if <math>n</math> got smaller and smaller?</li> <li>• What if the values of <math>n</math> were smaller and smaller fractions? How would that change the limit?</li> <li>• If you were to write a note to your “future forgetful self” about sets, infinity and limits, what information would you include? Discuss in your group what you think the most important ideas are</li> </ul>

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Teacher Observations/To Go Back to During Gallery Walk:
